

## Prisoner Swap Between the Houthis and Saudis Could be a Catalyst to Finally End the Conflict in Yemen

The recent agreement between Saudi Arabia and the Houthis to swap 880 detainees is a positive sign of progress toward peace in Yemen. The exchange of prisoners has been a long-standing issue in the conflict, with both sides accusing the other of detaining thousands of their fighters and supporters. The recent agreement, which was reached after negotiations mediated by the UN, represents a step towards building trust and confidence between the opposing sides. The exchange is a significant development, as it is one of the largest swaps of prisoners since the start of the conflict. According to the agreement, the Houthis will release 181 prisoners, including 15 Saudis and three Sudanese, in exchange for 706 government held prisoners. The exchange is expected to take place within three weeks, and the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) will be involved in overseeing the process.

The exchange of prisoners is a crucial confidence-building measure in any conflict. It allows both sides to show their commitment to finding a peaceful solution and helps build trust between the opposing parties. In Yemen, the exchange of prisoners has been a longstanding issue, with both sides holding a significant number of prisoners. The recent agreement represents a significant step towards resolving this issue and building confidence between the opposing sides. The war has been raging for eight years and has left more than 20 million people in need of humanitarian relief. The conflict has caused a significant humanitarian crisis, with millions of people suffering from malnutrition, disease, and displacement. The recent agreement, along with other events, continues to provide hope that the conflict may finally be coming to an end. UN Special Envoy Hans Grundberg has been actively involved in diplomatic efforts to end the conflict. He has met with the governments of Iran and Saudi Arabia to discuss ways to reach a settlement on the war in Yemen. This recent prisoner swap is an important step forward in these efforts, and there is optimism that it will expedite the process. The Chinese-brokered restoration of relations between Iran and Saudi Arabia this month has also aided attempts to resolve the conflict. The two countries have been bitter rivals for decades, and their rivalry has played a significant role in the conflict in Yemen. The recent agreement is a sign that the two countries are willing to work together to find a peaceful solution or at the very least de-escalate the conflict. The exchange of prisoners is certainly a step in the right direction toward this end. The parties to the Stockholm Agreement, signed in 2018 by countries and groups involved in the conflict in Yemen, committed to free everyone imprisoned in connection with the war, including prisoners, detainees, missing persons, those who had been unlawfully arrested or taken hostage, and anyone who was under house arrest, "without any exceptions or restrictions." However, progress has been slow, and more needs to be done to ensure that all prisoners are released. It is hoped that this exchange will pave the way for more significant exchanges in the future and contribute to ending the conflict in Yemen.

Furthermore, the recent agreement between Saudi Arabia and the Houthis to swap 880 detainees represents a significant breakthrough in the efforts to end the conflict in Yemen. This exchange of

prisoners is critical to building trust and confidence between the opposing parties, which is essential in any peace process. Agreeing on negotiated deals requires a semblance of trust to lead to a comprehensive resolution to the conflict properly. This agreement provides hope that the warring sides are willing to take constructive steps toward finding a peaceful resolution to the conflict. While this exchange of prisoners is not the ultimate solution to the conflict, it is a positive sign. All parties must continue to work towards finding a peaceful solution to end the suffering of the Yemeni people. Looking beyond the end of the conflict is also important. The release of prisoners, including political prisoners, can contribute to creating a more conducive environment for political dialogue and engagement. It is hoped that this release of prisoners will contribute to building the foundations for a more democratic and stable Yemen. The release of prisoners can allow families to be reunited and provide some relief to those who have been affected by the conflict. It is hoped that this agreement will contribute to the overall efforts to address the humanitarian crisis in Yemen.

The recent agreement between Saudi Arabia and the Houthis to swap prisoners is a positive development in the efforts to end the conflict in Yemen. It provides hope that the warring sides are willing to take constructive steps toward finding a peaceful resolution to the conflict. The exchange of prisoners can also contribute to upholding democracy and alleviating some of the humanitarian crises in the country. The pathway toward an end to the war in Yemen is beginning to appear more clearly, but it is still an extremely fragile process. All parties must continue to work towards finding a peaceful solution to end the suffering of the Yemeni people.